

3503,Wharf Cable TV Tower, 9 Hoi Shing Road,Tsuen Wan,N.T, HongKong China香港新界荃灣海盛路 9 号有阻电视大模 35 模 3 号单元

Tel: 852-2498-0908 Fax: 852-2498-1101 http://www.ATLbattery.com

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issue: 2015-A Doc No.: 2015-A-056

1.Product & Company Identification

0 10 0 11 0 1		852-2498-0908	Telephone:
	r, 9 Hoi Shing Road, Tsuer	3503, Wharf Cable TV Tower, 9 Hoi Shing Road, Tsuen Wan, N.T, HongKong China	Address
	Proper Shipping Name	3480/3481	UN No.
	Nominal power	22.8V	Nominal voltage
	Equivalent lithium content	5.7Ah	Capacity
5	d Approximate Weight:	Amperex Technology Limited	Manufacturer
1	Model Name:	Lithium Ion Battery (Rechargeable type)	Product Description

2. Composition /Information on Ingredients

contained within or their combustion products could be harmful. Important note: The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients

Ethyl Methyl Carbonate	Dimethyl Carbonate (CAS# 616-38-6)	Diethyl Carbonate (CAS# 105-58-8)	Acetylene Black (CAS# 1333-86-4)	Lithium Hexafluorophosphate (CAS# 21324-40-3)	Lithium cobalt (CAS# 12190-79-3)	Graphite (CAS# 7782-42-5)	MATERIAL OR INGREDIENT
None established	None established	None established	3.5 mg/ m³TWA (as carbon black)	None established	0.1 mg/ m ³	5 mg/m³ TWA (respirable fraction) 15 mg/m³ TWA (total dust)	PEL (OSHA)
None established	None established	None established	3.5 mg/ m³TWA(as carbon black)	None established	0.02mg/ m ³	2mg/m³ TWA (respirable fraction)	TLV (ACGIH)
0-15	0-15	0-15	0-2	0-5	15-40	7-25	%/wt.



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Ethylene Carbonate (CAS# 96-49-1)	Propylene Carbonate (CAS# 108-32-7)	(CAS# 623-53-0)
None established	None established	
None established	None established	
0-15	0-15	

3. Hazardous Identification

Chemical Nature: White color solid

CAS-No/EINECS NO.:N/A

INCI CTFA-Description: Lithium ion polymer rechargeable battery series

Ingestion: No effect under routine handling and use.

Inhalation: No effect under routine handling and use.

Skin contact: No effect under routine handling and use.

Eye contact: No effect under routine handling and use.

Skin absorption: No effect under routine handling and use.

Reported as carcinogen: Not applicable

4. First Aid Measures

Under normal conditions of use, the battery is hermetically sealed.

Ingestion: Swallowing a battery can be harmful

food or drink. Seek medical attention immediately. gastrointestinal tract. If battery or open battery is ingested, do not induce vomiting or give Contents of an open battery can cause serious chemical burns of mouth, esophagus, and

may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract and lungs. Provide fresh air and seek medical attention. Inhalation: Contents of an open battery can cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of vapors

absorbed through the skin causing localized inflammation. Absorption: Ethylene carbonate, diethyl carbonate and dimethyl carbonate may be

Remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with soap and water. If a chemical burn occurs Skin Contact: Contents of an open battery can cause skin irritation and/or chemical burns.



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or if irritation persists, seek medical attention.

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lids, until no evidence of the chemical remains. Seek medical attention. Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower Contents of an open battery can cause severe irritation and chemical burns

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). Note: Acetylene black and cobalt compounds are listed as possible carcinogens by the

5. Fire Fighting Measures

(electrical shock, fire, explode, population)

the electrical shock shall be protected. than 50V DC (the safety voltage). But if the pack had the voltage was bigger than 50V DC, There was no electrical shock risk for single cell, or battery module which voltage was less

environment population risk. the pack was in big room or fans, there was not explode risk. The released liquid was the like electrical shock, catch fire. If pack was in well sealed box, there was gas explode risk; if like drop, crush, broken, metal short circuit, liquid immersion, the factors would lead the risk During the shipment or testing process for LIB Pack or Module, there was danger factors

5.2 Material prepare & people training

- prepare water based sprayers in the trucks. point >60°C liquid (B), gas (C), <36Kv electrical (E) fire. electrical water sprayer or hang type water spray fire extinguisher (photo 1). water based spray fire extinguisher could be used for fire type ABCE = solid (A), flash extinguishers per each 500KWh LIB pack or Modules. Water based sprayer fire extinguish: 1 set of 9L or 2 sets of 6L water spray fire Or you could use portable It was recommended to
- 2) Water protection sets: raincoat, galoshes, rubber gloves. Plastic rollers. Rags
- 3) breathing mask, safety glass, face mask, gloves for high temperature
- 4 Smoke escape: fans in wall one per 20m or portable fans in rooms. Keep gas exchange
- 5) hour for flow rate thickness 8um as the safety vent. The wall should have one fan per 20m, ≥5000m³ Gas explode tools: open condition for devices & rooms. temperature ovens must be sealed, there was one copper film with the diameter 200mm & Some devices like high or low



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6) it was used for neutralized for release electrolyte. Because electrolyte met with water, 8% HF would be created. Neutralized material: prepare 10kg Ca(OH)₂ powder per 500KWh LIB pack or modules,

- 7) mistake would lead instrument exploding Voltage measure. Multimeter. Please physical block the current measure function, the
- 8 protection sets \Rightarrow use water spray fire extinguishers \Rightarrow dry by cloths with rubber gloves People training: (a) turn on fans or portable fans for smoke escape. (b) wear the water insulated by plastic film. (c) neutralized by Ca(OH)2 or NaOH for released electrolyte.

5.3 Fire Extinguisher Flow Chart

(d) use multimeter to measure voltage. Take care of the mistake

- Alarm if you found the smoking or burning.
- 2) galoshes, rubber gloves). Wear PPE. (Breath mask, face mask. If using water, PPE should include the raincoat,
- 3) Turn Off power supply in devices or power supply.
- 4) water or mist water, sand, fire extinguisher blanket, CO2, powder. Use any fire extinguishers for solid material fire, the recommended sequence was
- Smoke Escape by turn on fans or open air environment.
- 9 Dry and neutralize. Drying by fans, Neutralization by Ca(OH)2 powder if water was



Figure 1 water based fire extinguisher (Could be used for 36KV electrical fire)



Figure 2 water sprayers to fire extinguisher (Wear PPE to avoid electrical shock)



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6. Accidental Release Measures

On hand: Place material into suitable containers and call local fire/police department

possible, remove from water and call local fire/police department. flow to avoid the H₂ gas accumulated to prevent hydrogen explosion in enclosed space. information. But H2 gas was released by the electrolyzed water, you should keep good air Low electrical shock risk when EV or battery pack in water, GM also shared

7. Handling & Storage

packed in a strong outer packaging or be contained in equipment. must be separated in a way to prevent short circuits and damage to terminals. They must be contact with other batteries, metal objects, or conductive surfaces. Packaged batteries or cells equipment is short-circuit of the battery as a result of the battery terminals coming into One of the major risks associated with the transport of batteries and battery-powered

a battery become ruptured, do not allow contact with water. When operators handle the battery which voltage more than 50v, they must wear the insulation protection PPE storing the battery. Do not disassemble or deform the battery. Should an individual cell within case supplied with the battery should be used to cover the terminals when transporting or jumbled batteries in bulk containers, coins, metal jewelry, metal covered tables, or metal belts used for assembly of batteries in devices. To minimize risk of short-circuiting, the protective lose energy, could generate enough heat to burn skin. will not seriously affect the battery. Prolonged short circuits will cause the battery to rapidly Short-circuiting should be avoided; however, accidental short-circuiting for a few seconds Do not expose the battery to excessive physical shock Sources of short circuits include or vibration.

temperatures can result in loss of battery performance, leakage, or rust. Do not expose the battery to open flames Storage: The lithium ion battery should be between 25% and 75% of full charge when stored long period of time. Stored in a cool, dry, and well ventilated area. Elevated

8. Exposure Control/Personal Protection

Engineering Control: Keep away from heat and open flame. Stored in a cool dry place.





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Personal Protection:

Respiratory Protection: Not necessary under normal conditions

Eye/Face Protection: Not necessary under normal conditions. Wear safety glasses with

side shields if handling an open or leaking battery.

handling an open or leaking battery. Gloves: Not necessary under normal conditions. Use neoprene or natural rubber gloves if

Foot Protection: Steel toed shoes recommended for large container handling

9. Physical/Chemical Properties

Not Applicable	Ereazing Point	Not Applicable	Pailing Paint
			soluble
Not Applicable	Melting Point	Not Applicable	Solubility in ethanol Not Applicable
Not Applicable	Auto flammability	Not Applicable	Flash point
Not Applicable	Explosion limit	No Odor	Odor
Not Applicable	Vapor pressure	Not Applicable	Color
Not Applicable	Solubility in water:	Solid	Physical state

10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability: Good stability at standard temperature.

Reactivity: None

temperature, and the electrolyte will be formed HF. battery is damaged, the battery should avoid to contact strong oxidizer, acids and high Avoid contact with water and acids. Hazardous decomposition products: If Al package foil of

11. Toxicological information

This product does not elicit toxicological properties during routine handling and use.

12. Ecological information

If the battery is scrapped, it should be selected and disposed by professional company.



13. Disposal considerations



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basing on your local legislation and regulations Do not dispose of battery into environment or sewerage. It should be recycled and disposed

14. Transport Information

14.1 The requirement of air transportation

not classified as dangerous cargo) and signed as following table (If the package according with PI-965 to PI-967 Section II, it is (IATA DGR 56 edition) requirements for transportation. The battery or cell should be packed The lithium battery should according with the International Air Transport Association

UN NO.	Proper Shipping	Power/Quantity	Package	Label which need to paste
	Name		requirements	
		Cell<20Wh	PI965 Section IB	Class 9 hazard label and
		Battery≤100Wh		lithium battery handling label
UN3480	lithium ion	Quantity: >2pcs	24	
	batteries	Cell>20Wh	PI965 Section IA	Class 9 hazard label
		Battery>100Wh		
		Cell<20Wh	PI965 Section II	lithium battery handling label
		Battery≤100Wh		
		Quantity:≤2pcs		
		Cell>20Wh	PI967 Section I	Class 9 hazard label
	nunium ion batteries	Battery>100Wh		
ON3481	contained in	Cell≤20Wh	PI967 Section II	lithium battery handling label
	ednibinem	Battery≤100Wh		
		Cell>20Wh	PI966 Section I	Class 9 hazard label
	ithium ion batteries	Battery>100Wh		
UN3481	packed With	Cell≤20Wh	PI966 Section II	lithium battery handling label
	edmbinem	Battery≤100Wh		

are prohibited from air transport unless approved by the appropriate national authority of the transport . Waste lithium batteries and lithium batteries being shipped for recycling or disposal State of origin and the State of the operator. producing being defective for safety reasons, or that have been damaged, that have the potential of quarantined, inspected, and repacked. Cells and batteries identified by the manufacturer as Do not damage or mishandle this package. If package is damaged, batteries must be dangerous evolution of heat, fire or short circuit are forbidden for

The lithium battery should pass the UN38.3 test, if the battery can not pass the testing, it



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follow the UN3480 and the packing requirements for PI965, for the lithium battery which can not transport, should redesign. If the battery through the test, for the lithium battery only,

Part III, subsection 38.3. installed in equipment, follow the UN3481 and the packing requirements for PI967. The lithium battery testing meets all requirements under UN Manual of Tests and Criteria

7	6	5	4	S	2	1	No
 Forced Discharge	Impact	External short circuit	Shock	Vibration	Thermal test	Altitude simulation	ITEMS
Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	RESULT
Only for Cell				sequence on the same cell or battery	Test 1 to 5 must be conducted in		REMARKS

14.2 The requirement of ocean shipping

provide the special program if package damage. package contain more than 24 lithium batteries or more than 12 lithium battery packs, must require class II packaging. Firmly installation. mutual isolation. avoid short circuits. If the and according to the requirements of UN NO. 3480/3481 to management the goods, and According to International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code(IMDG 36th) to transport

strong outer packaging or be contained in equipment. and must marked the WHR ratio label. Otherwise, the battery and module should packed in a The clause 188 of IMDG require the Watt of lithium ion batteries no more than 100 WH,

requirements under UN Manual of Tests and Criteria Part III, subsection 38.3 The clause 230 of IMDG 36th require the lithium battery testing should meets

For more information, Call: +86-13860395119.

15. Regulatory Information

See ACGIH exposure limits information as noted in Section3

US: This MSDS meets/exceeds OSHA requirements.

ANSI (American National Standards Institute) Standard Z400.1-1993. Organization (ISO) and the International Labor Organization (ILO) and as documental in International: This MSDS conforms to European Union (UN), the International Standards

aviation industry standard MH/T1020-2009 Lithium Battery Air Transport Standard and Air transportation: Class 9 dangerous goods, require class II packaging. According to Civil

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standard at the moment(IMDG CODE), IATA DGR and ICAO. The international transport and commodity inspection is used this

requirements of UN NO 3480/3481 to management the goods. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code Ocean shipping: Class 9 dangerous goods, require class II packaging. to transport and According According to to the

Land transportation: According to List of Dangerous Goods, (GB12268).

NFPA-70E Avoid electrical shock: According to Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace,

16. Charging and labeling

on time is recommended to prevent overcharging. The charging temperature between 0° charger. Never use a modified or damaged battery charger. A backup charge termination based Charging: This battery is made to be charged many times. Use an Energizer approved battery C and 45° C (32° F and 113° F). The battery pack will be normally warm during should be

drops below the specified minimum voltage specified charging and discharging voltages and currents. Do not use battery if its voltage indicated by voltages at the battery terminals outside of their specified ranges.) Adhere to all of a damaged protection circuit or broken case. (Such damage to the protection circuit may be specified limits by an internal battery protection circuit. Never use a battery that shows signs Charging Voltages and Currents: Charging voltages are prevented from exceeding the

package and/or device label stating. Labeling: If the ATL label or package warnings are not visible, it is important to provide a

of air transportation); the lithium battery handling label(Figure 3) is shown as below. of IATA 56th, the packages should paste relevant labeling (refer to item 14.1 the requirement If the lithium-ion battery or cell transported by air the labeling according the requirement

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Figure 3 lithium battery handling label

requirement as follow, If the lithium-ion battery or cell transported by sea the labeling according to IMDG 36th, the

- Package, do not any indication.
- Need all the UN No.
- subassembly: do not any indication.
- Need the LQ label.

FIRE, OR SHORT CIRCUIT - MAY IGNITE, EXPLODE, LEAK, OR GET HOT CAUSING MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS. DO NOT OPEN BATTERY, DISPOSE OF IN PERSONAL INJURY. WARNING: CHARGE ONLY WITH SPECIFIED CHARGERS ACCORDING TO DEVICE

Disposal: Dispose in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local regulations

17. Other information

employees and customers sources to assure proper use and disposal of these materials and the safety and health of independent determinations of the suitability and completeness of information form all consider this data only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Users should





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物料安全技术说明书(MSDS)

1. 化学品及企业标识

电话	海 上	号 NN	标称电压	容量	电池制造商	产品类型
852-2498-0908	香港新界荃湾海盛路9号	3480/3481	22.8V	5.7Ah	新能源科技有限公司	锂离子电池 (可充电型)
传真	香港新界荃湾海盛路 9 号有限电视大楼 35 楼 3 号单元	运输名称	标称功率	当量锂含量	约计重量	产品型号
852-2498-1101	号单元	锂离子电池	129.96Wh	1.71g	690.0g	6034A6

2. 成分/组成信息

重要提示: 电池不能拆开或燃烧, 暴露电池中在成分或燃烧产物是有害的。

碳酸甲乙酯	碳酸二甲酯 (CAS# 616-38-6)	碳酸二乙酯 (CAS# 105-58-8)	乙炔炭黑 (CAS# 1333-86-4)	六氟磷酸锂 (CAS# 21324-40-3)	钴酸锂(CAS# 12190-79-3)	石墨 (CAS# 7782-42-5)	原料或配料
无数据	无数据	无数据	3.5 mg/ m³时间加权平均值	无数据	0.1 mg/ m ³	5 mg/ m³ 时间加权平均值 (可吸入部分) 分) 15 mg/m3 时间加权平均值 (总粉尘)	容许曝露限度
无数据	无数据	无数据	3.5 mg/ m ³	无数据	0.02mg/ m ³	2 mg/ m³时间加权平均值 (可吸入部分)	阙限值
0-15	0-15	0-15	0-2	0-5	15-40	7-25	重量百分比



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发掘 无数据 无数据 无数据 无数据	碳酸亚乙酯 (CAS# 96-49-1)	碳酸丙烯酯 (CAS# 108-32-7)	(CAS# 623-53-0)
无数据	牧据	牧据	
	无数据	无数据	

3. 危险性概述

化学属性: 白色固体

美国化学文摘号/欧洲现有化学品目录号:无

国际标准化学名: 可充电式锂离子电池

摄取: 常规操作和使用没有影响

吸入: 常规操作和使用没有影响

皮肤接触: 常规操作和使用没有影响 眼睛接触: 常规操作和使用没有影响 皮肤吸收: 常规操作和使用没有影响

4. 急救措施

致癌物报告:

在常规条件下使用,电池是密封的 <u>摄取:__</u>摄入电池是有害的

治, 不要诱导呕吐或吃食物或饮料。 电池的成分可以导致嘴、食道、 应立刻就医。 胃肠道严重的化学烧伤, 如果摄入电池或拆开的电

吸入: 电池里的成分可能会引起呼吸道过敏,吸入蒸汽可能引起上呼吸道和肺过敏。 马上呼吸新鲜空气并就医。 N.

皂和水清洗皮肤,如果发上化学烧伤或持续刺激, 皮肤接触:_ 电池里的成分可能会引起皮肤过敏和/或化学烧伤。 <u>皮肤吸收:</u>碳酸亚乙酯、碳酸二乙酯、碳酸二甲酯可能会通过皮肤吸收导致局部炎症。 立刻就医。 消除污染的衣物并用肥

水冲洗眼睛 15 分钟以上, 直到没有化学物质残留。然后立刻就医。 眼睛接触: _电池里的成分可能会引起严重的过敏和化学烧伤。立刻翻开上下眼睑,用清

注意: 乙炔炭黑和钴化合物被国际癌症研究机构列为可能致癌的物质。



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5. 消防措施

5.1 危险特性: 触电、起火、爆炸、污染

电压大于 50V, 那么就应该控制电击的发生。 单个电芯没有电击的风险, 电池组的电压也小于 50V (安全电压), 如果电池组的

者敞开空间,不会有气体爆炸;事故泄露的液体,包括消防水处理不当有污染环境的风 在运输和测试工程,可能发生电箱跌落、挤压、 可能发生触电、起火风险; 如果在密闭空间, 可能有气体爆炸风险, 通风良好或 刺破、金属短路、 液体浸泡等危险

5.2 物资准备和人员训练

- 火灾)。或者携带电动喷雾器、手动喷雾器当水雾灭火器。车俩货物上方可悬挂悬挂 式水基灭火器。 水雾灭火器,可扑灭 ABCE 类火灾(固体、非易燃液体、气体、低于 36KV 的电气 水雾灭火器: 每 500KWH 有 1 个 9 升的水基型水雾灭火器或者 2 个 6 升的水基型
- 防水用品: 雨衣、雨靴、橡胶手套; 保鲜膜; 抹布。
- 3 个人保护用品(PPE): 口罩、高温手套,安全眼镜, 半面 罩
- 4 排烟工具: 每20米1个墙壁排烟风机,或移动排烟风机。车辆有通风孔。
- 5) 第当泄压膜,房间墙壁每20米要1个风机,风机排量至少每小时5000立方米。 防爆工具: 如高温炉、 高低温冲击测试仪器等,设备上要放置直径200毫米的厚度8微米的铜 保持敞开, 如开放环境,车辆/设备不密闭。 测试中一定要密闭的设备
- 6 中和物资: 水会按照重量的 8%形成 HF, 要用碱性物资中和。 每 500KWH 准备 10 公斤石灰粉末用于中和流出的电解液, 电解液遇到
- 7 电压测量: 万用表。 物理密封住电流档, 避免误操作仪表爆炸。
- 8) 训练技能:
- a) 开启风机或者移动风机排烟;
- 5) 缠绕保鲜膜绝缘,再运输处理; 穿戴防水用具后用水雾灭火器灭火, 灭火后晾干或者待手套抹干, 测量电压正常,
- C 对泄流的电解液以重量的8%比例洒石灰、或者NaOH粉末中和液体;
- (p) 会用万用表测试电压, 特别留意别用错档位 (要物理封闭电流挡), 防仪表爆炸。

5.3 灭火流程

- 1) 发现电池冒烟或燃烧时立即报警;
- 穿着防护用品, 包括呼吸器、口罩, 如果用水还应包括雨衣、 画鞋、 绝缘手套等



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3) 切断电源;

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- 4 使用固体类灭火器材, 氧化碳灭火器; 推荐按以下顺序使用灭火器材: 水或水雾沙灭火毯、 一卷、
- 5) 通过风扇或空气流通排烟;
- 9 干燥、中和。通过风扇干燥, 如果使用了水用氢氧化钙中和。



(可使用灭 36KV 下的电气火灾)



6. 泄露应急处理

将物质置于合适在容器中, 然后向当地警方报警。

报警。 止氢气集聚, 在水中: 当电池组在水中时,有微弱电击的风险;在电解水时会产生氢气,必须保持通风以防 防止氢气在密闭空间爆炸。如果可以,将电池或模组从水中拿出然后向当地警方

操作处置与储存

防止发生短路和电极破损。此外, 电池和电池芯还必须包装在坚固的外包装内, 或者安装在设 其他导电体而引起的电池短路。因此,必须将包装好的电池芯和电池使用适当的方式隔开,以 电池和电池动力设备运输时,最主要的风险之一就是电池两极接触其他电池、金属物体或

操作注意事项: 请勿对电池进行过度的物理冲击或振动。应避免短路, 虽然几秒钟在短 的热量将外壳烧着。短路的来源包括将电池胡乱放在在散装容器中、或在设备上进行电 路不会对电池造成严重的影响。长时间的短路会导致电池迅速失去能量,可以产生足够



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将其接触到水。操作处理超过 50V 的电池组时,操作人员需要绝缘防护。 存储时,应该提供电池的保护措施。不能将电池拆解或使电池变形。电芯破裂时,不要 池装配时使用的各种金属物品。为了将电池短路的风险降低到最小,那么在电池运输和

存在干燥凉爽且通风较好的区域。温度过高会导致电池发生一系列的问题,如泄漏或生 储存注意事项: 当锂离子电池长时间储存时, 其充电容量应在 25% 和 75%之间。 请勿将电池置于明火中。

8. 接触控制/个体防护

工程控制:_远离热源和明火。存储与干燥凉爽的区域

个人防护:

呼吸系统防护:正常条件下不需要防护

安全眼镜。 眼睛/脸部防护: 正常条件下不需要防护。 处理拆卸的或泄漏的电池, 要佩戴有护边的

手的防护:正常条件下不需要防护。 然橡胶手套。 处理拆卸的或泄漏的电池, 应佩戴氯丁橡胶或天

脚的保护:在搬运大容器时,建议穿戴劳保鞋,

9. 理化特性

沸点	在乙醇中的溶解度	闪点	气味	颜色	物理状态
不适用	不适用	不适用	无	不适用	固体
凝固点	溶点	自燃性	爆炸极限	蒸气压力	在水中的溶解度
不适用	不适用	不适用	不适用	不适用	不适用

10. 稳定性和反应活性

稳定性: 在标准温度下稳定性很好。

反应作用:无

触强氧化剂、酸性物质和高温环境, 不要接触到水或酸性物质,分解后产物:如果电池的铝箔包装破损, 且电解液可能挥发形成氟化氢。 那么就不要接





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11. 毒理学资料

在常规操作和使用时,不会产生有毒物质。

12. 生态学资料

如果电池要报废, 那么应当由专业公司进行挑选和处理。

13. 废弃处置

行回收和处理。 不能直接将电池处理到下水道或知道排放到环境中, 应当基于当地的法律法规基础上进

14. 运输信息

14.1 空运要求

装贴标签(满足 PI965 到 PI967 Section II 包装要求的,不属于危险化学品)。 锂离子电池或电池芯按国际航空运输协会危险物品的规定, 应依照下表要求进行包装和 锂离子电池或电池芯应根据国际航空运输协会IATA DGR 第56版相关要求进行运输。

名 NU	运输品	功率	包装要求	需粘贴的标签
		电池芯<20Wh	PI965 Section IB	第9类危化品标识和
		电池≤100Wh		安全操作标签
UN3480	锂离子电池	每箱数量: >2pcs		
		电池芯>20Wh	PI965 Section IA	第9类危化品标识
		电池>100Wh		
		电池芯≤20Wh	PI965 Section II	安全操作标签
		电池≤100Wh		
		每箱数量: ≤2pcs		
		电池芯>20Wh	PI967 Section I	第9类危化品标识
	锂离子电池安装 电池>100Wh	电池>100Wh		
UN3481	在设备中	电池芯≤20Wh	PI967 Section II	安全操作标签
		电池≤100Wh		A DOLLAR
		电池芯>20Wh	PI966 Section I	第9类危化品标识
	锂离子电池与设 电池>100Wh	电池>100Wh		N. S.
ON3481	备包装在一起	电池芯≤20Wh	PI966 Section II	安全操作标签
		电池≤100Wh		

商确定为出于安全原因的缺陷, 不能损坏或错误处理电芯, 如果电芯损坏, 或已损坏, 有潜在产生发热、着火或短路危险的电芯 必须隔离、 检查和重新包装。 禁止运输被



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和电池; 废锂电池和锂电池被运往回收或处理, 禁止空运除非经起源国相关的国家机关

若通过测试, 在设备中的: 锂离子电池需经过 UN38.3 测试,如果未通过该测试,则不能运输, 遵循 UN3481,包装要求为 PI967。 则对于锂离子电池: 遵循 UN3480, 包装要求为 PI965。锂离子电池安装 需重新设计。

电池测试满足联合国手册中第三部分测试标准 38.3 部分的所有要求(如下表)

7 3	6	5	4	3	2	1 高	編号
强制放电	碰撞	外短路	沖击	震动	加热风险	高度模拟试验	项目
通过	通过	通过	通过	通过	通过	通过	结果
只针对电芯					── 测试 1 到 5 必须用相同的由芯或由池		备注

14.2 海运要求

件:须标记说明破损时遵守的特殊程序;随船备有一份破损时遵守的特殊程序说明文件. 类包装。安装牢固,互相隔离,防止短路,装有多于24个锂电池或12个锂电池组的包 运输参考《国际海运危险货物规则》,按 UN NO 3480/3481 的要求管理,采用第二

在完全将其密封的内包装箱内,电池或电池组须加以防护以免发生短路。 《国际海运危险货物规则》188 条规定: 对于锂离子电池, 瓦特-小时比率不超过 并在电池容器外标明及瓦特-小时比率。除装在设备中外, 电池和电池组须装

标准手册》第三部分第38.3小节的每项试验要求。 《国际海运危险货物规则》230条规定: 电池或电池组的类型应满足联合国《实验和

获取更多信息,请拨打联系电话: +86-13860395119。

15. 法规信息

法规信息: 见 ACGIH 第三部分规定暴露限值信息。

美国:本物质安全数据资料符合 OSHAS 相关要求。

织(ILO)和美国(美国国家标准协会)标准 Z400.1-1993 本物质安全数据资料符合欧盟(联合国),国际标准化组织(ISO)和国际劳工组





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空运: 这个标准。 空运输规范》 第9类危险品, 与IATA DGR、ICAO 的要求是 要求II类包装。 参考民航行业规范 MH/T1020-2009 一致的。 目前国际运输及商检都是采用的 《锂电池航

3480/3481 的要求管理。 海运: 第9类危险品, 要求II类包装。 运输参考 《国际海运危险货物规则》, 按 UN NO

陆运:参考《危险货物品名表》(GB12268)

防触电:参照工作场所电气安全标准 NFPA-70E

16. 充电和标识

器。当充电超过规定的充电时间可停止充电,来防止电池过充。充电温度应在0°C-45°C°, <u>充电:</u>本电池可多次重复充电。请使用原装电池充电器。不要使用改装或损坏的电池充电

电池充电过程中有正常的发热现象。

于规定的最低电压时, 请停止使用。 路受损情况,请停止使用。请在规定的电压和电流下充、放电。 充电电压和电流: _当电压超过规定的值后受到电池内部保护电路限制。如果出现保护电 如果电池的电压下降到低

考 14.1 空运要求); 明。如果锂电池或电池芯使用空运,包装上根据 IATA 56th 相关要求确认粘贴标签类型(参 <u>标识:</u>如果没有或看不清标签或包装上的警告时,请联系相关人员提供封装和设备标签说 锂电池操作标签 (如图3) 如下所示。



图 4: 锂电池操作标签

如果锂电池或电池芯使用海运, 包装上根据 IMDG 36th.相关要求如下

- 包件:不需任何标志;
- 不需正确运输名称;
- 需要所有的联合国编号;
- 组件:不需要标牌和标志;
- 需要标明"限量"字样。





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警告:_应使用设备制造商提供的充电器并按操作指南使用。 以及短路,可能引起着火、 爆炸、泄漏造成人身伤害。 禁止将电池打开, 靠近火源,

处置:_依照联合国、国家、地方相应规程进行处置。

17. 其他信息

员工和顾客的安全及健康。 据自己实际搜集的完整可靠的信息来定制独立的体系, 从而确保能够适当的使用并处理 这里包含的信息是没有任何授权下完成的。该信息只作为--个参考,使用者应该根

